

**SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF
CHX HOLDINGS, INC.**

ARTICLE I

NAME OF CORPORATION

The name of the corporation is CHX Holdings, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation").

ARTICLE II

REGISTERED OFFICE

The address of the Corporation's registered office in the State of Delaware is c/o United Agent Group Inc., 3411 Silverside Road, Tatnall Building No. 104, Wilmington, County of New Castle, Delaware 19810, and United Agent Group Inc. shall be the registered agent of the Corporation in charge thereof.

ARTICLE III

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be organized under the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL").

ARTICLE IV

STOCK

Section 1. Authorized Stock. The total number of shares of all classes of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is one hundred (100), all of which shall be shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

Section 2. (a) Transfers of Stock of the Corporation. All of the issued and outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation shall be held by NYSE Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("NYSE Group"). NYSE Group may not transfer or assign any shares of stock of the Corporation, in whole or in part, to any person or entity, unless such transfer or assignment shall be filed with and approved by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under Section 19 of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and the rules promulgated thereunder (the "Exchange Act").

(b) Voting and Ownership Limitations. In the event that NYSE Group does not own all of the issued and outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation, the following provisions of this Section 2(b) of Article IV shall apply:

(1) Voting Limitation.

(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Certificate of Incorporation, for so long as the Corporation shall control, directly or indirectly, a national securities exchange registered under Section 6 of the Exchange Act (each such national securities exchange so controlled, an “Exchange”), (1) no Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons (as defined below), as of any record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote on any matter, shall be entitled to vote or cause the voting of shares of stock of the Corporation beneficially owned by such Person or its Related Persons, in person or by proxy or through any voting agreement or other arrangement, to the extent that such shares represent in the aggregate more than 10% of the then outstanding votes entitled to be cast on such matter, without giving effect to this Section 2(b) of Article IV (such threshold being hereinafter referred to as the “Voting Limitation”), and the Corporation shall disregard any such votes purported to be cast in excess of the Voting Limitation; and (2) if any Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, is party to any agreement, plan or other arrangement relating to shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on any matter with any other Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, under circumstances that would result in shares of stock of the Corporation that would be subject to such agreement, plan or other arrangement not being voted on any matter, or the withholding of any proxy relating thereto, where the effect of such agreement, plan or other arrangement would be to enable any Person, but for this Section 2(b) of Article IV, either alone or together with its Related Persons, to vote, possess the right to vote or cause the voting of shares of stock of the Corporation that would exceed 10% of the then outstanding votes entitled to be cast on such matter (assuming that all shares of stock of the Corporation that are subject to such agreement, plan or other arrangement are not outstanding votes entitled to be cast on such matter) (the “Recalculated Voting Limitation”), then the Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, shall not be entitled to vote or cause the voting of shares of stock of the Corporation beneficially owned by such Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, in person or by proxy or through any voting agreement or other arrangement, to the extent that such shares represent in the aggregate more than the Recalculated Voting Limitation, and the Corporation shall disregard any such votes purported to be cast in excess of the Recalculated Voting Limitation.

The Voting Limitation and the Recalculated Voting Limitation, as applicable, shall apply to each Person unless and until: (i) such Person shall have delivered to the board of directors of the Corporation (the “Board”) a notice in writing, not less than 45 days (or such shorter period as the Board shall expressly consent to) prior to any vote, of such Person’s intention, either alone or together with its Related Persons, to vote or cause the voting of shares of stock of the

Corporation beneficially owned by such Person or its Related Persons, in person or by proxy or through any voting agreement or other arrangement, in excess of the Voting Limitation or the Recalculated Voting Limitation, as applicable; (ii) the Board shall have resolved to expressly permit such voting; and (iii) such resolution shall have been filed with, and approved by, the SEC under Section 19(b) of the Exchange Act, and shall have become effective thereunder.

Subject to its fiduciary obligations under applicable law, the Board shall not adopt any resolution pursuant to clause (ii) of this Section 2(b)(1)(A) of Article IV unless the Board shall have determined that:

(w) the exercise of such voting rights or the entering into of such agreement, plan or other arrangement, as applicable, by such Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, will not impair the ability of either the Corporation or any Exchange to discharge their respective responsibilities under the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder and is otherwise in the best interests of the Corporation, its stockholders and each Exchange;

(x) the exercise of such voting rights or the entering into of such agreement, plan or other arrangement, as applicable, by such Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, will not impair the SEC's ability to enforce the Exchange Act;

(y) in the case of a resolution to approve the exercise of voting rights in excess of 20% of the then outstanding votes entitled to be cast on such matter, (1) neither such Person nor any of its Related Persons is subject to any statutory disqualification (as defined in Section 3(a)(39) of the Exchange Act); and (2) for so long as the Corporation directly or indirectly controls one or more Exchanges, neither such Person nor any of its Related Persons is a Member (as defined below) of any Exchange; and

(z) in the case of a resolution to approve the entering into of an agreement, plan or other arrangement under circumstances that would result in shares of stock of the Corporation that would be subject to such agreement, plan or other arrangement not being voted on any matter, or the withholding of any proxy relating thereto, where the effect of such agreement, plan or other arrangement would be to enable any Person, but for this Article IV, either alone or together with its Related Persons, to vote, possess the right to vote or cause the voting of shares of stock of the Corporation that would exceed 20% of the then outstanding votes entitled to be cast on such matter (assuming that all shares of stock of the Corporation that are subject to such agreement, plan or other arrangement are not outstanding votes entitled to be cast on such matter), (1) neither such Person nor any of its Related Persons is subject to any statutory disqualification (as defined in Section 3(a)(39) of the Exchange Act); and (2) for so long as the Corporation directly or indirectly controls one or

more Exchanges, neither such Person nor any of its Related Persons is a Member of any Exchange.

In making such determinations, the Board may impose such conditions and restrictions on such Person and its Related Persons owning any shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on any matter as the Board may in its sole discretion deem necessary, appropriate or desirable in furtherance of the objectives of the Exchange Act and the governance of the Corporation.

(B) If and to the extent that shares of stock of the Corporation beneficially owned by any Person or its Related Persons are held of record by any other Person (the “Record Owner”), this Section 2(b)(1) of Article IV shall be enforced against such Record Owner by limiting the votes entitled to be cast by such Record Owner in a manner that will accomplish the Voting Limitation and the Recalculated Voting Limitation applicable to such Person and its Related Persons.

(C) This Section 2(b)(1) of Article IV shall not apply to (x) any solicitation of any revocable proxy from any stockholder of the Corporation by or on behalf of the Corporation or by any officer or director of the Corporation acting on behalf of the Corporation or (y) any solicitation of any revocable proxy from any stockholder of the Corporation by any other stockholder that is conducted pursuant to, and in accordance with, Regulation 14A promulgated pursuant to the Exchange Act (other than a solicitation pursuant to Rule 14a-2(b)(2) promulgated under the Exchange Act, with respect to which Section 2(b)(1) of Article IV shall apply).

(D) For purposes of this Section 2(b)(1) of Article IV, no Person shall be deemed to have any agreement, arrangement or understanding to act together with respect to voting shares of stock of the Corporation solely because such Person or any of such Person’s Related Persons has or shares the power to vote or direct the voting of such shares of stock as a result of (x) any solicitation of any revocable proxy from any stockholder of the Corporation by or on behalf of the Corporation or by any officer or director of the Corporation acting on behalf of the Corporation or (y) any solicitation of any revocable proxy from any stockholder of the Corporation by any other stockholder that is conducted pursuant to, and in accordance with, Regulation 14A promulgated pursuant to the Exchange Act (other than a solicitation pursuant to Rule 14a-2(b)(2) promulgated under the Exchange Act, with respect to which Section 2(b)(1) of Article IV shall apply), except if such power (or the arrangements relating thereto) is then reportable under Item 6 of Schedule 13D under the Exchange Act (or any similar provision of a comparable or successor report).

(E) “Related Persons” shall mean with respect to any Person:

(i) any “affiliate” of such Person (as such term is defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act);

(ii) any other Person(s) with which such first Person has any agreement, arrangement or understanding (whether or not in writing) to act together for the purpose of acquiring, voting, holding or disposing of shares of the stock of the Corporation;

(iii) in the case of a Person that is a company, corporation or similar entity, any executive officer (as defined under Rule 3b-7 under the Exchange Act) or director of such Person and, in the case of a Person that is a partnership or a limited liability company, any general partner, managing member or manager of such Person, as applicable;

(iv) in the case of a Person that is a Member, any Person that is associated with such Person (as determined using the definition of “person associated with a member” as defined under Section 3(a)(21) of the Exchange Act);

(v) in the case of a Person that is a natural person and is a Member, any broker or dealer that is also a Member with which such Person is associated (as determined using the definition of “person associated with a member” as defined under Section 3(a)(21) of the Exchange Act);

(vi) in the case of a Person that is a natural person, any relative or spouse of such natural Person, or any relative of such spouse who has the same home as such natural Person or who is a director or officer of the Corporation or any of its parents or subsidiaries;

(vii) in the case of a Person that is an executive officer (as defined under Rule 3b-7 under the Exchange Act), or a director of a company, corporation or similar entity, such company, corporation or entity, as applicable; and

(viii) in the case of a Person that is a general partner, managing member or manager of a partnership or limited liability company, such partnership or limited liability company, as applicable.

(F) “Member” shall mean a Person that is a “member” of an Exchange within the meaning of Section 3(a)(3)(A) of the Exchange Act.

(G) "Person" shall mean a natural person, company, corporation or similar entity, government, or political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a government.

(2) Ownership Concentration Limitation.

(A) Except as otherwise provided in this Section 2(b)(2) of Article IV, for so long as the Corporation shall control, directly or indirectly, any Exchange, no Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, shall be

permitted at any time to own beneficially shares of stock of the Corporation representing in the aggregate more than 20% of the then outstanding votes entitled to be cast on any matter (the “Concentration Limitation”).

(B) The Concentration Limitation shall apply to each Person unless and until: (i) such Person shall have delivered to the Board a notice in writing, not less than 45 days (or such shorter period as the Board shall expressly consent to) prior to the acquisition of any shares that would cause such Person (either alone or together with its Related Persons) to exceed the Concentration Limitation, of such Person’s intention to acquire such ownership; (ii) the Board shall have resolved to expressly permit such ownership; and (iii) such resolution shall have been filed with, and approved by, the SEC under Section 19(b) of the Exchange Act and shall have become effective thereunder.

(C) Subject to its fiduciary obligations under applicable law, the Board shall not adopt any resolution pursuant to clause (ii) of Section 42(b)(2)(B) of this Article IV unless the Board shall have determined that:

(i) such acquisition of beneficial ownership by such Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, will not impair the ability of either the Corporation or any Exchange to discharge their respective responsibilities under the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder and is otherwise in the best interests of the Corporation, its stockholders and each Exchange;

(ii) such acquisition of beneficial ownership by such Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, will not impair the SEC’s ability to enforce the Exchange Act. In making such determinations, the Board may impose such conditions and restrictions on such Person and its Related Persons owning any shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on any matter as the Board may in its sole discretion deem necessary, appropriate or desirable in furtherance of the objectives of the Exchange Act and the governance of the Corporation;

(iii) neither such Person nor any of its Related Persons is subject to any statutory disqualification (as defined in Section 3(a)(39) of the Exchange Act); and

(iv) for so long as the Corporation directly or indirectly controls any Exchange, neither such Person nor any of its Related Persons is a Member of any Exchange.

(D) Unless the conditions specified in Section 2(b)(2)(B) of this Article IV are met, if any Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, at any time beneficially owns shares of stock of the Corporation in excess of the Concentration Limitation, such Person and its Related Persons shall be obligated to sell promptly, and the Corporation shall be obligated to purchase

promptly, at a price equal to the par value of such shares of stock and to the extent funds are legally available therefor, that number of shares of stock of the Corporation necessary so that such Person, together with its Related Persons, shall beneficially own shares of stock of the Corporation representing in the aggregate no more than 20% of the then outstanding votes entitled to be cast on any matter, after taking into account that such repurchased shares shall become treasury shares and shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding.

(E) Nothing in this Section 2(b)(2) of Article IV shall preclude the settlement of transactions entered into through the facilities of New York Stock Exchange; provided, however, that, if any Transfer of any shares of stock of the Corporation shall cause any Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, at any time to beneficially own shares of stock of the Corporation in excess of the Concentration Limitation, such Person and its Related Persons shall be obligated to sell promptly, and the Corporation shall be obligated to purchase promptly, shares of stock of the Corporation as specified in Section 2(b)(2)(D) of this Article IV.

(3) Procedure for Repurchasing Stock.

(A) In the event the Corporation shall repurchase shares of stock (the “Repurchased Stock”) of the Corporation pursuant to any provision of this Section 2(b) of Article IV, notice of such repurchase shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, mailed not less than 5 business nor more than 60 calendar days prior to the repurchase date, to the holder of the Repurchased Stock, at such holder’s address as the same appears on the stock register of the Corporation. Each such notice shall state: (1) the repurchase date; (2) the number of shares of Repurchased Stock to be repurchased; (3) the aggregate repurchase price, which shall equal the aggregate par value of such shares; and (4) the place or places where such Repurchased Stock is to be surrendered for payment of the aggregate repurchase price. Failure to give notice as aforesaid, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the repurchase of Repurchased Stock. From and after the repurchase date (unless default shall be made by the Corporation in providing funds for the payment of the repurchase price), shares of Repurchased Stock which have been repurchased as aforesaid shall become treasury shares and shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding, and all rights of the holder of such Repurchased Stock as a stockholder of the Corporation (except the right to receive from the Corporation the repurchase price against delivery to the Corporation of evidence of ownership of such shares) shall cease. Upon surrender in accordance with said notice of evidence of ownership of Repurchased Stock so repurchased (properly assigned for transfer, if the Board shall so require and the notice shall so state), such shares shall be repurchased by the Corporation at par value.

(B) If and to the extent that shares of stock of the Corporation beneficially owned by any Person or its Related Persons are held of record by any other Person, this Section 2(b) of Article IV shall be enforced against such Record Owner by requiring the sale of shares of stock of the Corporation held by such

Record Owner in accordance with this Section 2(b) of Article IV, in a manner that will accomplish the Concentration Limitation applicable to such Person and its Related Persons.

(4) **Right to Information; Determinations by the Board.** The Board shall have the right to require any Person and its Related Persons that the Board reasonably believes (i) to be subject to the Voting Limitation or the Recalculated Voting Limitation, (ii) to own beneficially (within the meaning of Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act) shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on any matter in excess of the Concentration Limitation, or (iii) to own beneficially (within the meaning of Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act) an aggregate of 5% or more of the then outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on any matter, which ownership such Person, either alone or together with its Related Persons, has not reported to the Corporation, to provide to the Corporation, upon the Board's request, complete information as to all shares of stock of the Corporation beneficially owned by such Person and its Related Persons and any other factual matter relating to the applicability or effect of this Section 2(b) of Article IV as may reasonably be requested of such Person and its Related Persons. Any constructions, applications or determinations made by the Board pursuant Section 2(b) of Article IV in good faith and on the basis of such information and assistance as was then reasonably available for such purpose shall be conclusive and binding upon the Corporation and its directors, officers and stockholders.

ARTICLE V

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. **Powers of the Board – General.** The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon them by statute or by this Certificate of Incorporation or the bylaws of the Corporation, the directors are hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation. The Board is authorized to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 2. **Power to Call and Postpone Stockholder Meetings.**

(A) In addition to any right to call a special meeting of stockholders provided for in the Bylaws of the Corporation, special meetings of stockholders of the Corporation may be called at any time by the holder or holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock or by the Board acting pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office.

(B) Any meeting of stockholders may be postponed by the holder or holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock or by action of the Board. The Board shall have the power to adopt such rules and

regulations for the conduct of the meetings and management of the affairs of the Corporation as they may deem proper and the power to adjourn any meeting of stockholders, which powers may be delegated by the Board to the chairman of such meeting either in such rules and regulations or pursuant to the bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 3. Number of Directors. The number of directors shall be fixed from time to time as set forth in the bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 4. Election of Directors. The directors shall be elected by the stockholders at each annual meeting of stockholders (or any adjournment or continuation thereof) at which a quorum is present, to hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders, but shall continue to serve despite the expiration of the director's term until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified. Elections of directors need not be by written ballot except and to the extent provided in the bylaws of the Corporation.

Section 5. Removal of Directors. Except as set forth in the bylaws of the Corporation, any director or the entire Board may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the then-outstanding shares of the Corporation's capital stock entitled to vote in an election of directors, voting together as a single class.

Section 6. Vacancies. Except as set forth in the bylaws of the Corporation, vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors or from any other cause (other than vacancies and newly created directorships which the holders of any class or classes of stock or series thereof are expressly entitled by this Certificate of Incorporation to fill) may be filled by (1) a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by the sole remaining director or (2) the holders of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the then-outstanding shares of the Corporation's capital stock entitled to vote in an election of directors, voting together as a single class. Any director appointed to fill a vacancy or a newly created directorship shall hold office until his or her successor is elected and qualified or until his or her earlier resignation or removal.

Section 7. Considerations of the Board. In taking any action, including action that may involve or relate to a change or potential change in the control of the Corporation, a director of the Corporation may consider, among other things, both the long-term and short-term interests of the Corporation and its stockholders and the effects that the Corporation's actions may have in the short term or long term upon any one or more of the following matters:

- (1) the prospects for potential growth, development, productivity and profitability of the Corporation and its subsidiaries;
- (2) the current employees of the Corporation or its subsidiaries;
- (3) the employees of the Corporation or its subsidiaries and other beneficiaries receiving or entitled to receive retirement, welfare or similar

benefits from or pursuant to any plan sponsored, or agreement entered into, by the Corporation or its subsidiaries;

(4) the customers and creditors of the Corporation or its subsidiaries;

(5) the ability of the Corporation to provide, as a going concern, goods, services, employment opportunities and employment benefits and otherwise to contribute to the communities in which it does business;

(6) the potential impact on the relationships of the Corporation or its subsidiaries with regulatory authorities and the regulatory impact generally; and

(7) such other additional factors as a director may consider appropriate in such circumstances.

In discharging his or her responsibilities as a member of the Board, each director must, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, take into consideration the effect that the Corporation's actions would have on the ability of the Exchanges to carry out their responsibilities under the Exchange Act and on the ability of the Exchanges and the Corporation (i) to engage in conduct that fosters and does not interfere with the Exchanges' and the Corporation's ability to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices in the securities markets; (ii) to promote just and equitable principles of trade in the securities markets; (iii) to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities; (iv) to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanisms of a free and open market in securities and a national securities market system; and (v) in general, to protect investors and the public interest. In discharging his or her responsibilities as a member of the Board or as an officer or employee of the Corporation, each such director, officer or employee shall (x) comply with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder, (y) cooperate with the SEC and (z) cooperate with each Exchange pursuant to and to the extent of its regulatory authority. Nothing in this Section 7 of Article V shall create any duty owed by any director, officer or employee of the Corporation to any Person to consider, or afford any particular weight to, any of the foregoing matters or to limit his or her consideration to the foregoing matters. No past or present stockholder, employee, beneficiary, agent, customer, creditor, community or regulatory authority or member thereof or other person or entity shall have any rights against any director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or the Corporation under this Section 7 of Article V.

ARTICLE VI

STATUTORY DISQUALIFICATION

No person that is subject to any statutory disqualification (as defined in Section 3(a)(39) of the Exchange Act) may be a director or officer of the Corporation.

ARTICLE VII

STOCKHOLDER ACTION

Section 1. Action by Written Consent. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the Corporation may be effected by the written consent of stockholders of the Corporation possessing the required vote to approve such action, with or without a meeting.

Section 2. Quorum. At each meeting of stockholders of the Corporation, except where otherwise required by law or this Certificate of Incorporation, the holders of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on a matter at the meeting, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum (it being understood that any shares in excess of the Voting Limitation or the Recalculated Voting Limitation shall not be counted as present at the meeting and shall not be counted as outstanding shares of stock of the Corporation for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum, unless and only to the extent that the Voting Limitation or the Recalculated Voting Limitation, as applicable, shall have been duly waived pursuant to Section 2(b)(1) or Section 2(b)(2) of Article IV). In the absence of a quorum of the holders of any class of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote on a matter, the meeting of such class may be adjourned from time to time until a quorum of such class shall be so present or represented. Shares of its own capital stock belonging to the Corporation or to another corporation, if a majority of the shares entitled to vote in the election of directors of such other corporation is held, directly or indirectly, by the Corporation, shall neither be entitled to vote nor be counted for quorum purposes; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not limit the right of the Corporation to vote stock, including but not limited to its own stock, held by it in a fiduciary capacity, provided, further, that any such shares of the Corporation's own capital stock held by it in a fiduciary capacity shall be voted by the person presiding over any vote in the same proportions as the shares of capital stock held by the other stockholders are voted (including any abstentions from voting).

If this Certificate of Incorporation provides for more or less than one vote for any share of stock of the Corporation on any matter or to the extent a stockholder is prohibited pursuant to this Certificate of Incorporation from casting votes with respect to any shares of stock of the Corporation, every reference in the bylaws of the Corporation to a majority or other proportion of shares of stock of the Corporation shall refer to such majority or other proportion of the aggregate votes of such shares of stock, taking into account any greater or lesser number of votes as a result of the foregoing.

ARTICLE VIII

DIRECTOR LIABILITY

A director of the Corporation shall not be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director of the Corporation, except to the extent that such exemption from liability or limitation thereof

is not permitted under the DGCL as currently in effect or as the same may hereafter be amended.

No amendment, modification or repeal of this Article VIII shall adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation that exists at the time of such amendment, modification or repeal.

ARTICLE IX

JURISDICTION

The Corporation, its directors and officers, and those of its employees whose principal place of business and residence is outside of the United States shall be deemed to irrevocably submit to the jurisdiction of the United States federal courts and the SEC for the purposes of any suit, action or proceeding pursuant to the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder, commenced or initiated by the SEC arising out of, or relating to, the activities of the Exchanges (and shall be deemed to agree that the Corporation may serve as the U.S. agent for purposes of service of process in such suit, action or proceeding), and the Corporation and each such director, officer or employee, in the case of any such director, officer or employee by virtue of his acceptance of any such position, shall be deemed to waive, and agree not to assert by way of motion, as a defense or otherwise in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claims that it or they are not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the SEC, that such suit, action or proceeding is an inconvenient forum or that the venue of such suit, action or proceeding is improper, or that the subject matter thereof may not be enforced in or by such courts or agency.

ARTICLE X

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, all confidential information pertaining to the self-regulatory function of any Exchange, in each case to the extent that such entities continue to be controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Corporation (including but not limited to disciplinary matters, trading data, trading practices and audit information) contained in the books and records of any of the Exchanges that shall come into the possession of the Corporation shall: (x) not be made available to any Persons (other than as provided in the next sentence) other than to those officers, directors, employees and agents of the Corporation that have a reasonable need to know the contents thereof; (y) be retained in confidence by the Corporation and the officers, directors, employees and agents of the Corporation; and (z) not be used for any commercial purposes. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, nothing in this Certificate of Incorporation shall be interpreted so as to limit or impede the rights of the SEC or any Exchange to access and examine such Exchange's confidential information pursuant to the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder, or to limit or impede the ability of any officers, directors, employees or agents of the Corporation to disclose such confidential information to the SEC or an Exchange. The Corporation's books and

records shall be subject at all times to inspection and copying by (a) the SEC and (b) by any Exchange; provided that, in the case of (b), such books and records are related to the operation or administration of such Exchange. The Corporation's books and records related to an Exchange shall be maintained within the United States.

For so long as the Corporation directly or indirectly controls any Exchange, the books, records, premises, officers, directors and employees of the Corporation shall be deemed to be the books, records, premises, officers, directors and employees of such Exchange for purposes of and subject to oversight pursuant to the Exchange Act.

ARTICLE XI

COMPLIANCE WITH SECURITIES LAWS; OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Section 1. The Corporation shall comply with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder and shall cooperate with the SEC and the Exchanges pursuant to and to the extent of their respective regulatory authority, and shall take reasonable steps necessary to cause its agents to cooperate, with the SEC and, where applicable, an Exchange pursuant to their regulatory authority. No stockholder, employee, former employee, beneficiary, customer, creditor, community or regulatory authority or member thereof shall have any rights against the Corporation or any director, officer or employee of the Corporation under this Section 1 of Article XI.

Section 2. The Corporation shall take reasonable steps necessary to cause its officers, directors and employees, prior to accepting a position as an officer, director or employee, as applicable, of the Corporation to consent in writing to the applicability to them of Section 7 of Article V, Article IX, Article X and Section 3 of this Article XI of this Certificate of Incorporation, as applicable, with respect to their activities related to any Exchange.

Section 3. The Corporation, its directors, officers and employees shall give due regard to the preservation of the independence of the self-regulatory function of each Exchange (to the extent of each Exchange's self-regulatory function) and to obligations to investors and the general public and shall not take any actions that would interfere with the effectuation of any decisions by the board of directors or managers of an Exchange relating to their regulatory functions (including disciplinary matters) or that would interfere with the ability of the Exchange to carry out its responsibilities under the Exchange Act.

ARTICLE XII

AMENDMENTS TO CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

The Corporation reserves the right to amend or repeal any provision contained in this Certificate of Incorporation in any manner now or hereafter permitted by law, and all rights conferred upon stockholders herein are granted subject to this

reservation. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Certificate of Incorporation, for so long as this Corporation shall control, directly or indirectly, any Exchange, before any amendment or repeal of any provision of this Certificate of Incorporation shall be effective, such amendment or repeal shall either (a) be filed with or filed with and approved by the SEC under Section 19 of the Exchange Act and the rules promulgated thereunder or (b) be submitted to the boards of directors of each Exchange, in each case only to the extent that such entity continues to be controlled directly or indirectly by the Corporation, and if any or all of such boards of directors shall determine that such amendment or repeal must be filed with or filed with and approved by the SEC under Section 19 of the Exchange Act and the rules promulgated thereunder before such amendment or repeal may be effectuated, then such amendment or repeal shall not be effectuated until filed with or filed with and approved by the SEC, as the case may be.

ARTICLE XIII

ENFORCEABILITY

If any provision of this Certificate of Incorporation is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable, (a) such provision shall be construed in such a manner to be legal, valid and enforceable to the maximum extent permitted under applicable law; (b) the legality, validity and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Certificate of Incorporation shall not be affected or impaired thereby, and (c) the illegality, invalidity or unenforceability of a provision in a particular jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render illegal, invalid or unenforceable such provision in any other jurisdiction.